	2015 Entergy Corporate GHG Emissions breakdown by category								
All numbers re	present CO2 equivalents (CO2e)			Unhide columns I - U	for additional calcula	ations and conversions>		
Operational Emissions Category	Emissions Source Category	Corporate emissions source	Greenhouse gas	Total emissions short tons CO2e	Total emissions in metric tons CO2e	percentage of total corporate emissions	Calculation worksheet in inventory document		
			CO2	34,333,217	31,146,570	81.9%	Stationary Combustion CEM		
		Power generating units (includes emergency and backup generators)	CH4	14,107	12,797	0.0%	Stationary Combustion CEM		
	Stationary Combustion		N2O	64,796	58,782	0.2%	Stationary Combustion CEM		
		Small stationary combustion sources (co-located at generation stations and stand alone units)	CO2, CH4, N2O	246,876	223,962	0.6%	All small stat cbn totals		
		Biomass power generation	CO2	0	0	0.0%	NA		
			CO2	57,863	52,492	0.1%	Mobile Combustion		
Direct Emission Sources	Mobile Combustion	Corporate fleet	CH4	85	77	0.0%	Mobile Combustion		
			N2O	452	410	0.0%	Mobile Combustion		
		Biomass fleet	CO2	0	0	0.0%	NA		
		Natural gas transmission and distribution	CH4	87,380	79,270	0.2%	Fugitive CH4-NG T&D		
	Fugitive Emissions	Electricity transmission and distribution	SF6	290,573	263,603	0.7%	Fugitive SF6		
				Cooling/air-conditioning (building, mobile and nuclear cooling eqpt)	HFCs	5,905	5,357	0.0%	Fugitive HFCs
	Process emissions	none applicable	NA	0	0	0.0%	NA		
	Total Emissions fro	m Direct Sources		35,101,253	31,843,321	83.7%			
Indirect Emission Sources	Purchased Electricity	Power purchased for business operations outside Entergy service territory	CO2	26,196	23,764	0.1%	Purchased power		
Sources	T&D losses	Entergy purchased power consumed on Entergy T&D system	CO2, CH4, N2O	322,884	292,916	Note: these emissions are included within the Optional emissions	Purchased power		
	Total Emissions from	n Indirect Sources		349,080	316,680				
	Purchased power (controllable)	Controllable purchased power sold to customers	CO2, CH4, N2O	5,615,567	5,094,357	13.4%	Purchased power		
Optional	Purchased power (uncontrollable)	Uncontrollable purchased power sold to customers	CO2, CH4, N2O	Not Applicable b	beginning in 2014 - See	*** Note at the bottom	of the Purchased power tab		
Emissions Sources	Product combustion	Combustion of natural gas distributed to customers (Scope 3 for Entergy, Scope 1 for customers)	CO2, CH4, N2O	1,143,097	1,037,000	2.7%	Natural Gas Combustion		
	Employee Commuting	Estimation of emissions resulting from employee commutes	CO2, CH4, N2O	51,557	46,772	0.1%	Employee Commuting		
	Total Emissions fron	n Optional Sources		6,810,221	6,178,129	16.2%			
	GHG Stabilization C (progress toward third			40,195,660	36,464,889	95.8%			
	Total Corporat	te emissions		41,937,670	38,045,214	100.0%			

Direct Emissions from fossil fuel usage at generating facilities using CEM data

Direct Emissions	1101111033	in ruer u	sage at generating	j lacinties t		uata			
2015				CO2 from	n CEM	CH4	N2O		
Generating facility and EPA Acid Rain Unit ID		Max capacity (MW) Sta	Entergy equity share Primary te of unit fuel(s)	Total unit CO2 (1)	Entergy equity share of unit CO2 emissions	Entergy share CH4 emissions from generation (2) short tons	Entergy share N2O emissions from generation (3) short tons	Total Facility CO2e in short tons	Total CO2 in metric tons
				short tons CO2	short tons CO2	CO2e	CO2e		
Annelia	OT2		400% Natural Cas	777 700 50	777 700 50	205 54	405 50		
Acadia Acadia	CT3 CT4		100% Natural Gas 100% Natural Gas	777,736.50 777,736.50	777,736.50	365.54 365.54	435.53		
Totals	014			111,130.30	1,555,473.00	731.07	435.53 871.06	1 557 075	1,412,5
Attala	A01	MS	S 100% Gas/Oil	616,818.50	616,818.50	289.90	345.42	1,337,073	1,412,5
Attala	A02	MS		616,818.50	616,818.50	289.90	345.42		
Totals		0			1,233,637.00	579.81	690.84	1,234,908	1,120,28
Baxter Wilson	1	550 MS	S 100% Gas/Oil	25,028.00	25,028.00	11.76	14.02		
Baxter Wilson	2	771 MS	6 100% Gas/Oil	56,864.00	56,864.00	26.73	31.84		
Totals		1321			81,892.00	38.49	45.86	81,976	74,36
Big Cajun 2 ⁽⁵⁾	2B3 (3)	257 LA	42% ⁽⁵⁾ Coal	2,822,441.00	1,185,425.22	320.06	5,998.25		
Totals		257			1,185,425.22	320.06	5,998.25	1,191,744	1,081,13
Calcasieu Plant	GTG1	LA	100% Natural gas	271,247.00	271,247.00	127.49	151.90		
Calcasieu Plant	GTG2	LA	100% Natural gas	110,090.00	110,090.00	51.74	61.65		
Totals		0			381,337.00	179.23	213.55	381,730	346,29
Gerald Andrus	1	761 MS	6 100% Gas/Oil	361,028.00	361,028.00	169.68	202.18		
Totals		761			361,028.00	169.68	202.18	361,400	327,85
Hinds Energy Facility	H01	456 MS	5 100% Gas CT	491,278.50	491,278.50	230.90	275.12		
Hinds Energy Facility	H02	MS	5 100% Gas CT	491,278.50	491,278.50	230.90	275.12		
Totals					982,557.00	461.80	550.23	983,569	892,27
Hot Spring Energy Facility	CT-1	620 AR	100% Gas CT	556,421.50	556,421.50	261.52	311.60		
Hot Spring Energy Facility	CT-2	AR	100% Gas CT	556,421.50	556,421.50	261.52	311.60		
Totals					1,112,843.00	523.04	623.19	1,113,989	1,010,59
Independence	1	472 AR	56.5% Coal	2,903,653.00	1,640,563.95	442.95	8,301.25		
Independence	2	332 AR	39.37% Coal	2,690,312.00	1,059,175.83	285.98	5,359.43		
Totals		804			2,699,739.78	728.93	13,660.68	2,714,129	2,462,21
Lake Catherine	4	547 AR	100% Gas/Oil	118,324.00	118,324.00	55.61	66.26		
Totals		547			118,324.00	55.61	66.26	118,446	107,45
Lewis Creek	1	260 TX		747,845.00	747,845.00	351.49	418.79		
Lewis Creek	2	260 TX	100% Gas/Oil	692,123.00	692,123.00	325.30	387.59		
Totals		520	40001 2 (2)		1,439,968.00	676.78	806.38	1,441,451	1,307,66
Little Gypsy	1	244 LA		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Little Gypsy	2	436 LA		374,540.00	374,540.00	176.03	209.74		
Little Gypsy	3	573 LA	100% Gas/Oil	809,312.00	809,312.00	380.38	453.21		4 075
Totals	1	1253	100% Cas/Oil	207 720 50	1,183,852.00	556.41	662.96	1,185,071	1,075,07
Michoud	1	113 LA		207,739.50	207,739.50	97.64	116.33		
Michoud	2	244 LA		207,739.50	207,739.50	97.64 327.32	116.33		
Michoud	3	561 LA 918	100% 643/01	696,436.00	696,436.00	327.32	390.00	1,113,060	

Generating facility and EPA Acid Rain Unit ID	EPA Acid Rain Unit ID (Entergy ID if different)		Entergy equity share Primary of unit fuel(s)	Total unit CO2 (1)	Entergy equity share of unit CO2 emissions	Entergy share CH4 emissions from generation (2)	Entergy share N2O emissions from generation (3)	Total Facility CO2e in short tons	Total CO2e in metric tons
Ninemile Point	3	135 LA	100% Gas/Oil	120,917.00	120,917.00	56.83	67.71		
Ninemile Point	4	748 LA	100% Gas/Oil	1,702,537.00	1,702,537.00	800.19	953.42		
Ninemile Point	5	763 LA	100% Gas/Oil	1,300,162.00	1,300,162.00	611.08	728.09		
Ninemile Point	6A	280 LA	100% CCGT	742,643.50	742,643.50	349.04	415.88		
Ninemile Point	6B	280 LA	100% CCGT	742,643.50	742,643.50	349.04	415.88		
Totals		1646			4,608,903.00	2,166.18	2,580.99	4,613,650	4,185,433
Ouachita Power	CTGEN1	LA	100% Natural gas	555,599.00	555,599.00	261.13	311.14		
Ouachita Power	CTGEN2	LA	100% Natural gas	707,327.00	707,327.00	332.44	396.10		
Ouachita Power	CTGEN3	LA 0	100% Natural gas	645,737.00	645,737.00	303.50	361.61	4 040 020	4 700 000
<u>Totals</u> Perryville	1-1	LA	100% Gas/Oil	786,120.00	1,908,663.00	897.07 369.48	1,068.85 440.23	1,910,629	1,733,293
Perryville	1-2	LA	100% Gas/Oil	786,120.00	786,120.00	369.48	440.23		
Perryville	2-1	LA	100% Gas/Oil	30,280.00	30,280.00	14.23	16.96		
Totals		0		00,200.00	1,602,520.00	753.18	897.41	1,604,171	1,455,279
Rhode Island State Energy Ctr ⁽⁷⁾	RISEC 1	RI	100% Natural gas	366,847.00	366,847.00	172.42	205.43	.,	.,
Rhode Island State Energy Ctr ⁽⁷⁾	RISEC 2	RI	100% Natural gas	363,407.00	363,407.00	170.80	203.51		
Totals					730,254.00	343.22	408.94	731,006	663,158
R S Cogen ⁽⁴⁾	RS-5	LA	50% Natural gas	881,328.50	440,664.25	207.11	246.77		
R S Cogen ⁽⁴⁾	RS-6	425 LA	50% Natural gas	858,168.00	429,084.00	201.67	240.29		
Totals		425			869,748.25	408.78	487.06	870,644	789,835
R S Nelson	4	500 LA	100% Gas/Oil	457,182.00	457,182.00	214.88	256.02		
R S Nelson ⁽⁶⁾	6	385 LA	80.9% Coal	2,641,365.00	2,136,864.29	576.95	10,812.53		
Totals		885			2,594,046.29	791.83	11,068.56	2,605,907	2,364,039
Rex Brown	3	MS	100% Gas/Oil	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Rex Brown	4	MS	100% Gas/Oil	15,711.00	15,711.00	7.38	8.80		
Totals		0			15,711.00	7.38	8.80	15,727	14,267
Sabine	1	230 TX	100% Gas/Oil	419,559.00	419,559.00	197.19	234.95		
Sabine	2	230 TX	100% Gas/Oil	296,492.00	296,492.00	139.35	166.04		
Sabine	3	420 TX	100% Gas/Oil	650,164.00	650,164.00	305.58	364.09		
Sabine	4	530 TX	100% Gas/Oil	1,295,170.00	1,295,170.00	608.73	725.30		
Sabine	5	480 TX	100% Gas/Oil	675,856.00	675,856.00	317.65	378.48		
Totals		1890			3,337,241.00	1,568.50	1,868.85	3,340,678	3,030,612
Sterlington	7AB	102 LA	100% Gas/Oil	336.00	336.00	0.16	0.19		
Sterlington	7C	101 LA	100% Gas/Oil	336.00	336.00	0.16	0.19		
Totals		203			672.00	0.32	0.38	673	610
Waterford	1	411 LA	100% Gas/Oil	299,857.00	299,857.00	140.93	167.92		
Waterford	2	411 LA	100% Gas/Oil	601,430.00	601,430.00	282.67	336.80		
Waterford	4	LA	100% Gas/Oil	9,670.00	9,670.00	4.54	5.42	ou	007.040
Totals	4	822	570/ 0.01	0.500.400.00	910,957.00	423.60	504.72	911,885	827,248
White Bluff	1	465 AR	57% Coal	3,593,129.00	2,048,083.53	552.98	10,363.30		
White Bluff	2	481 AR	57% Coal	3,609,929.00	2,057,659.53	555.57	10,411.76	4 407 65-	0 744 505
Totals	2	946	100% 0	400 004 00	4,105,743.06	1,108.55	20,775.06	4,127,627	3,744,520
Willow Glen	2	224 LA	100% Gas/Oil	126,224.00	126,224.00	59.33	70.69		

Generating facility and EPA Acid Rain Unit ID	EPA Acid Rain Unit ID Max (Entergy ID capacity if different) (MW) State	Entergy equity share Primary of unit fuel(s)	Total unit CO2 (1)	Entergy equity share of unit CO2 emissions	Entergy share CH4 emissions from generation (2)	Entergy share N2O emissions from generation (3)	Total Facility Total CO2 CO2e in in metric short tons tons	
Willow Glen	4 568 LA	100% Gas/Oil	74,543.00	74,543.00	35.04	41.74		
Totals	792			200,767.00	94.36	112.43	200,974 182,3	20
Totals			43,336,021.50	34,333,216.59	14,106.51	64,796.16	34,412,119 31,218,1	49

(1) CEM data reported to EPA Acid Rain program - can be verified at EPA's Clean Air Market's Database located at http://camddataandmaps.epa.gov/gdm/index.cfm?fuseaction=emissions.wizard&EQW_datasetSelection=

(2) Emissions factor derived from CH4 (in CO2e) as percentage of emissions from CO2 for a specific fuel type. See "Emissions and Conversion Factors" for EPA emissions factors for specific fuels; emissions factor for natural gas used for all dual-fuel units as this represents the larger fuel input

(3) Emissions factor derived from N2O (in CO2e) as percentage of emissions from CO2 for a specific fuel type. See "Emissions and Conversion Factors" for EPA emissions factors for specific fuels; emissions factor for natural gas used for all dual-fuel units as this represents the larger fuel input

(4) Emission data obtained directly from the EPA's Database located at http://ampd.epa.gov/ampd/

(5) While Entergy owns 42% of Big Cajun 2 Unit 3, our actual consumption of the MWhs generated from this facility varies from 42% to 45%. CO2 emission number shown is based on actual consumption of MWhs received from Fossil Operations.

(6) During 2012, EWC (EAM Nelson Holdings, LLC) acquired 10.9% of this unit. Therefore, Entergy's overall ownership share of this unit increased to 80.9%

(7) Rhode Island State Energy Ctr was sold in 2015 and will be removed from next year's inventory

Additional Notes

- Emissions from Louisiana Station Plant 1 (Units 1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A) are not included in the inventory; these units exist for the sole use of Exxon under a long term lease agreement.

- The following units were removed from the Inventory in 2014 - Lynch 2&3, Couch 1&2, Lake Catherine 1-3, Louisiana Station 2 (units 10-12), Ninemile 1&2, Nelson 3, Richie 1&2, and Sterlington 10. These units are either permanently retired (decommissioned in some cases) or are in extended reserve shutdown and are not expected to return to service.

- The following units were ADDED to the inventory in 2014 - Ninemile 6A and 6B - these units came online during December of 2014.

Small combustion sources at all generation stations - Updated 2014

Small stationary combustion sources were initially calculated for all known equipment co-located at generating stations using parameters (such as max energy input/hour) developed in internal emissions compliance documents and assumed equipment capacity factors. These emissions totals were calculated in 2005 and are assumed to be conservative (high) estimates of emissions. These estimates were used in inventories 2000-2010, i.e. new emissions totals were not calculated for each year.

Starting in 2013, Entergy reported the previous year's GHG (CO2e) emissions from small sources co-located at Fossil plants in compliance with the EPA Mandatory Reporting Rule (General Stationary Fuel Combustion - Subpart C). These updated values are substituted for the older, 2005 calculations in order to be consistent with mandatory GHG reporting. Nuclear estimates continue to rely on the 2005 calculations unless otherwise noted. The Thermal assets were divested in late 2013, so these assets and emission are removed from the inventory.

More detail on each of these facilities, the specific data collection methods, and the calculation methodology, can be found in the GHG Monitoring Plan required by the EPA Mandatory Reporting Rule.

Plant	CO2e Emissions reported under Mandatory Reporting Rule (short tons of all gases in 2014) [obtained from Fossil Operations unless otherwise noted]	CO2e Emissions reported under Mandatory Reporting Rule (metric tons of all gases in 2014) [obtained from Fossil Operations unless otherwise noted]	
Fossil fuel generating stations			
Atalla	0.0	0.00	
Baxter Wilson	2,382.4	2,161.30	
Buras	4,599.6	4,172.80	
Calcasieu	0.0	0.00	
Gerald Andrus	2,415.7	2,191.51	
Harrison County	0.0	0.00	
Hinds County	226.2	205.25	
Hot Spring	43.4	39.35	
Independence	1,587.0	1,439.73	(49.93% ownership share)
Lake Catherine	0.0	0.00	
Lewis Creek	0.0	0.00	
Little Gypsy	11,824.9	10,727.58	
Louisiana Station	368.3	334.11	
Mablevale	0.0		
Michoud	21,306.4	19,329.14	
RS Nelson	30,479.7	27,651.15	(91.4% ownership share)
Ninemile Point	3,717.9	3,372.85	
NISCO	3,096.7	2,809.35	
Ouachita	1,480.9	1,343.50	
Perryville	4,655.7	4,223.62	
Rex Brown	243.6		
Sabine	65,938.3		
Sterlington	0.0		
Waterford 1&2	27.1	24.58	
White Bluff	197.2	178.91	(57% ownership share)
Willow Glen	14,715.6	13,349.98	
Fossil fuel totals	169,306.6		

Nuclear generating stations	Plant total small sources CO2e (short tons using 2005 estimate calculations)
Vermont Yankee	2,278
Pilgrim	14,818
James Fitzpatrick	3,490
River Bend	687
Indian Point 2	18,558
Indian Point 3	80
Palisades (1)	7,757
Waterford 3	7,042
Grand Gulf	11,131
Arkansas Nuclear 1&2	11,728
Nuclear totals	77,569
All small source totals	246,876

Direct Emissions from fossil fuel usage for company mobile fleet ("Mobile Combustion") Note: The information below was collected and results calculated based on 2014 data.

Beginning in 2013, the GWP for N2O and CH4 was modified based on the EPA final rule effective 1/1/14.

Fuel Description	Fuel Code	Units consumed (gal)	Assumptions/Comments
Diesel	D	2,991,718	Based on 2014 Entergy data provided by
Gasoline	G	1,174,030	Carolanne Nichols, it is assumed that totals for all bi-fuel categories are split at a 90/10 ratio between constituent fuel types and are calculated
BiFuel-Gasoline/Ethanol	s	633,932	as such. Bi-fuels are separated below into its constituent fuel type category and emissions
BiFuel-Gasoline/CNG	А	9,326	
BiFuel-Gasoline/LPG	в	351	diesel on the highway and electricity on the job site.
BiFuel-Diesel/Electricity	F	8,477	
Propane	Р	30	CNG is measured in Gallons of Gasoline Equivalency or GGE. One gallon of CNG or GGE
CNG	с	52	has the same energy value as a gallon of
LPG	L	520	gasoline.
Green Plug-In JEMS	J	21,058	"Unknown" split evenly (50/50) between diesel
BiFuel-Gasoline/Electricity	н	1181	and gasoline.
Unknown	-	53,502	
Jet fuel		574,809	Total 2014 Fuel Purchase - from John Shilstone

Total gallons consumed

5,468,986

Total units of each fuel type				CO2 using EPA Climate Leaders Efs		CO2 using WRI/WBCSD Protocol Efs	
Fuel	Total units consumed (GALLONS) - from inputs above	conversion to energy content (MMBtu/gallon)	Total MMBtu consumed	Emissions Factor (lbs CO2/MMBtu)	Total CO2 Emissions (short tons)	Emissions Factor (kg CO2/Gallon)	Total CO2 Emissions (short tons)
Diesel	3,048,004	0.1387	422,758	159.68	33,753	10.15	34,102
Gasoline	1,781,210	0.1251	222,829	156.44	17,430	8.81	17,298
Ethanol (E85)	63,393	0.0843	5,344	149.59	400	5.56	389
CNG	985	0.1251	123	116.41	7	See note	7
LPG	555	0.092	51	138.76	4	5.79	4
Propane	30	0.092	3	138.32	0	5.79	0
Jet fuel	574,809	0.135	77,599	154.72	6,003	9.57	6,064
Totals	5,468,986		728,708		57,596		57,863

Note: Emissions from Ethanol are considered "biogenic" emissions are do not contribute to net CO2 additions to the atmosphere. They are include with fossil fuel CO2 because it is de minimus.

Regarding CNG, no SCF measurement is available; used the EPA CL number as a proxy.

Direct Emissions of N2O and CH4 from mobile fleet ("Mobile Combustion")

The calculation below uses conservative N2O and CH4 emissions factors to estimate these emissions from mobile sources. The emissions factors are from EPA Climate Leaders Guidance for construction vehicles.

NOTE - Emission factors for these gases were not available for all fuel types - a conservative approach was used by using the emission factor for diesel.

N2O from mobile sources							
N2O	gallons consumed	g N2O/gal fuel	total kg N2O	short tons	CO2e short tons		
Gasoline	1,781,210	0.22	391.87	0.440	131.14		
Diesel	3,048,004	0.26	792.48	0.890	265.21		
Jet Fuel	574,809	0.26	149.45	0.168	50.01		
Propane	30	0.26	0.01	0.000	0.00		
CNG	985	0.26	0.26	0.000	0.09		
LPG	555	0.26	0.14	0.000	0.05		
Ethanol	63,393	0.26	16.48	0.019	5.52		
total					452.01		
		from mobile sour					
CH4	gallons consumed	g CH4 /gal fuel	total kg CH4	short tons	CO2e short tons		
Gasoline	1,781,210	0.50	890.61	1.000	25.00		
Diesel	3,048,004	0.58	1,767.84	1.985	49.63		
Jet Fuel	574,809	0.58	333.39	0.374	9.36		
Propane	30	0.58	0.02	0.000	0.00		
CNG	985	0.58	0.57	0.001	0.02		
LPG	555	0.58	0.32	0.000	0.01		
Ethanol	63,393.20	0.58	36.77	0.041	1.03		
total					85.05		
total N2O and CH4 CO2e 537.07							
Total Estimated Emission	Total Estimated Emissions from Mobile Sources (short tons CO2e) 58,400						

Emissions from natural gas from T&D operations

The calculation below is based on as re	eported data from	the GHG Summary R	eport for 2014
Gas Operation	CO2 equivalent emissions from facility subparts C-II, SS, and TT (metric tons) Subpart W, Fugitive	Total C02 equivalent emissions (short tons)	
Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, L.L.C. Gas Business	12,359.70	13,624.22	
Entergy New Orleans, Inc. Gas Business	44,593.00	49,155.31	
SUB-TOTAL		62,779.53	

	Spindletop Storage					
Storage facilities	# storage facilities	Emissions factor (metric ton CH4/station-yr)	Total metric tons CH4			
fugitive emissions from storage facilities	1	675.4	675.40			
vented emissions from storage facilities	1	217.3	217.30			
SUB-TOTAL						

TOTALS FROM FUGITIVE NATURAL GAS

87,380 short tons CO2e

GENERAL NOTES:

- Source for emissions factors by equipment type is the Gas Research Institute (GRI), which provides factors in

- Fugitive and oxidized CO2 are known sources of GHG emissions from a natural gas T&D system; however the

SPECIFIC NOTES:

(1) Compressors are assumed to be for natural gas transmission, not storage.

(2) general emissions factor used for vented gas; GRI provides emissions factors for specific equipment venting

(3) EF from API Table 6-1, (American Petroleum Institute, Compendium of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Methoc (4) EF from GRI

Total short tons	Total short	
CH4	tons CO2e	
0114	(E*25)	
744.50	18,612.50	See note 3
239.53	5,988.30	See note 4
	24,600.80	

metric only. ese were not calculated as they are

g. Jologies for the Oil and Gas Industry.

Direct emissions of escaped SF6 in electricity T&D system ("Fugitive emissions")

Note: The information below was as reported to the EPA under the Mandatory GHG Reporting Rule.

More detail on the specific data collection methods, and the calculation methology, can be found in the GHG Monitoring Plan required by the EPA Mandatory Reporting Rule.

2014 fugitive SF6 emissions estimate						
SF6 Emissions (short tons) (1)	Global Warming Potential (GWP) (2)	Total CO2 Equivalent Emissions (short tons)	Total CO2 Equivalent Emissions metric tons)			
12.74	22,800	290,573.0	263,603.2			

(1) Converted 25,488.86 pounds to short tons

Direct Emissions of Fugitive HFCs in all utility cooling and A/C equipment

This sheet contains calculations for all sources of fugitive HFCs. HFCs from all sources are considered de minimus (i.e. insignificant in the Entergy corporate total). The activity data required to provide the highest level of accuracy is difficult and impractical to obtain for such a small source. Instead, emissions factors have been created based on national averages for a number of variables to provide a rough estimate of these emissions. The methodology behind these emissions factors is found below.

These CO2e totals are calculated using data, provided in 2005 (for calendar year 2004), that does not change significantly between inventory years. These same data and emissions totals are used each year.

2010 Update - Facilities indicates that there is no significant change to these numbers; therefore, these numbers will continue to be carried forward each year.

2013 Update - carried historical data forward; however, updated the GWP consistent with an EPA final rule that became effective on 1/1/14.

2014 Update - removed the Thermal Operations facilities, as these were sold in late-2013. 2015 Update - **No changes made**

	square footage air- conditioned	EF: fugitive HFCs (short tons CO2e/sq ft)	Facility fugitive HFC (short tons CO2e)
Entergy owned space	2,247,576	. 0.00078	1,752
Entergy capital lease space	705,788	0.00078	550
Generation plant space	2,000,000	0.00078	1,559
Total Fugitive HFCs	4,953,364		3,861

 I otal Fugitive HFCs
 4,953,364
 3,861

 Generation plant space assumes 50,000 sq. ft. per plant; 38 plants assumed; rounded to 2 million sq. ft.
 3,861

From Nuclear facility		
Ibs HFC charge	ged EF: fugitive HFCs as	
to equipment	CO2e (GWP=1300)	(short tons CO2e)
	0 1300	0

Entergy nuclear facilities **do not** use HFCs for cooling

From all Entergy-owned ve	hicles						
	Total CO2 from	EF: HFC as % of CO2	Facility fugitive HFC				
	mobile sources	emissions **	(short tons CO2e)				
	(short tons)						
Vehicular A/C	58,400	3.50%	2,044				
Total CO2 from all mobile source fuels are included							

Total fugitive HFC emissions

5,905 short tons CO2e

* Calculation for estimating fugitive HFC emissions from building space using A/C

The calculation used in calculating the emissions factor for metric tons of CO2e fugitive HFC.		HFCs in chiller (kg HFC/tons of cooling)				losses (MT CO2e)/ ft2	Total Annual HFC losses (short tons CO2e)/ ft2
	2800 Source: ASHRAE (http://www.them.cder mottgroup.com/News worthy/HVAC%201s ues/Rule%200f%20T humb%20Sizing.htm) Note that this is a conservative estimate - a reasonably designed building should be more like 400		15%. Source: EPA Climate Leaders Gudance, January 2004. Note: This estimate is the source of the greatest uncertainty in the calculation, since the range is 2-15%, and the average is probably more like 5%.	0.000642857	0.71 This is the emissions factor that is applied to the square footage of air-conditioned space. This EF includes the global warming potential for HFC 134a (1,100).	MT CO2e per ft2.	0.00078 Emissions factor for short tons CO2e per ft2; conversion factor 1.1023

Calculation to estimate HFCs from mobile A/C as percentage of CO2 emissions from mobile sources using national averages for equipment leakage and miles/gallon

	HFC Emissions Estimate			CO2 Emissions Estimate				Emissions factor	
Vehicle type		HFC capacity (kg HFC)	(percentage)	CO2 emissions (kg CO2e/yr-veh); GWP=1100	Miles per gallon			(kg CO2/yr-veh)	Emissions factor: HFC emissions (CO2e) to CO2 (as %)
Car		0.8	20%	176	20	15,000	8.87	6,653	2.6%
light truck		1.2	20%	264	15	15,000	8.87	8,870	3.0%

					F	
Code	Plant description		State	Total Entergy purchased from plant (MWh)	Unit/Plant-Specific Emission Factor (Ibs CO2/MWh), Based on Equivalent Total Output [from eGRID 2012 data, released 10/8/2015, unless otherwise noted]	CO2 emissions from puchased power (short tons) [using eGRID Unit- Specific Factors (when available)]
AGRILECTRIC	AGRILECTRIC LP	70,848.00		70,848.00	48.11	1,704.2
CARVILLE		2,672,723.30	LA	2,672,723.30	709.06	947,559.9
UNION		3,552,163.90	AR	3,552,163.90	868.99	1,543,397.5
EXELON		764,507.30	ТХ	764,507.30	887.55	339,270.9
ETEC		43,879.00	ТХ	43,879.00	1,478.62	32,440.3
ETEC		220,474.40	ТХ	220,474.40	1,503.29	165,719.0
MEAM		12,416.96	MS	12,416.96	1,866.98	11,591.1
MONTAUK		26,280.00	ТХ	26,280.00	-	-
SRMPA		1,316,736.00	LA	1,316,736.00	2,261.47	1,488,878.6
OXYCHEM		2,345,262.30	LA	2,345,262.30	865.09	1,014,433.9
CARBON		203,435.60	LA	203,435.60	-	-
SHRMPA Totals	Whitebluff	42,000.00 11,270,726.76		42,000.00 11,270,726.76	2,371.76	49,807.1 5,594,802.6

Product Combustion - Emissions from combustion of Natural Gas distributed to retail customers						
Values pulled from Annual GHG Inventory Report submitted by Gas Operations and provided to ESP for each location.						
Gas Operation	CO2 equivalent emissions from supplier subparts LL-QQ (metric tons) Subpart NN Product Combustion	Total C02 equivalent emissions (short tons)				

Employee Commuting Emission Calculations

Commuter Travel Calculations

ommuting Method (more than 75% of time)			Survey # (n)	%
Number of Employees =	14000			
			13	1.03
Walkers =	144		4	0.32
Bikers =	44		104	8.24
Carpoolers =	1154		3	0.24
Vanpoolers =	33		6	0.48
Public Transporters =	67		1132	89.70
Individual Drivers =	12558			
Total	14000	1	1262	100.00

Commuting Distance (miles one-way)							
	Low	Avg			SURVEY RESPONSES (#)	SURVEY RESPONSES (%)	
	0.0			202	25	1%	
	1.0			1553	192	11%	
	6.0			2572	318	18%	
	11.0		20.0	3227	399	23%	
	21.0		30.0	2548	315	18%	
	31.0		40.0	3898	482	28%	
Total	70.0	88.0	105.9	14000	1731	100%]
Distribution of Commuting Method by Miles							1
Distribution of Commuting Method by Miles	Individual Drivers	Carpoolers	Vanpoolers	Public	Bikers	Walkers	•
	181		varipoolers	Fublic	Bikers	108	1
	1393			7	40	36	1
	2307			12	40		•
	2895			15			1
	2285			12			1
	3497		33	19			
Total	12558	115-	33	67	44	144	1
	•					•	
Method of Transportation	Miles Trave	led by Method (using midpoint o			Estimated En	nissions	
	one way	round trip		yearly gallons	lbs	short tons	met tons
Walkers =	157		66811			-	
Bikers =	122			-	-	-	
Carpoolers =	40957		17447772	290796	5815924	2908	
Vanpoolers =	1181		503301	3355	67107	34	3
Public Transporters =	1325			2258	45157	23	
Individual Drivers =	249991	49998	106496040	4259842	85196832	42598	
Total			125130281	4556251	91125020	45563	4133

Employee Commuter Travel 2014

	Miles travelled per year	Total emissions kg CO2e		Total Emissions metric tons CO2e		1
Individual car	106,496,040	39,890,328	43,971	39,891	77.8%	1
Vanpool	503,301	268,927	296	269	13.1%	1
Public Transportation	564,467	77,304	85	77	3.8%	
Carpool	17,447,772	6,535,429	7,204	6,535	5.3%	1
Bikers	51,890		-	-	0.0%	
Walkers	66,811		-	-	0.0%	
Total	125,130,281	46,771,989	51,557	46,772	100.0%	
	Fe ere e					
Commuting method (more than 75% of the time)	Miles travelled per year	Greenhouse gas	Total emissions kg CO2e	Total emissions short tons CO2e	Total Emissions metric tons CO2e	% total commuting emissions
Individual car	106,496,040	CO2	38,764,559	42,730	38,765	82.9%
		CH4	69,329	76	69	0.1%
		N2O	1,056,441	1,165	1,056	2.3%
Vanpool	503,301	CO2	261,213	288	261	0.6%
		CH4	380	0.42	0.38	0.0%
		N2O	7,333	8	7	0.0%
Public Transportation	564,467	CO2	77,077	85	77	0.2%
		CH4	25	0.03	0.02	0.0%
		N2O	201	0.22	0.20	0.0%
Carpool	17,447,772	CO2	6,350,989	7,001	6,351	13.6%
		CH4	11,358	12.52	11.36	0.0%
		N2O	173,082	191	173	0.4%
Bikers	51,890	CO2	-	-	-	0.0%
		CH4	-	-	-	0.0%
		N2O	-	-	-	0.0%
Walkers	66,811	CO2	-	-	-	0.0%
		CH4	-	-	-	0.0%
		N2O	-	-	-	0.0%
Total	125,130,281		46,771,988	51,557	46,772	100.0%
Calculation for Public Transportation	# of miles	Total emissions kg CO2e	т			

50% Bus	282,233	30,246
5% Intercity Rail	28,223	5,231
5% Commuter Rail	28,223	4,864
40% Transit Rail	225,787	36,962
Total	564,467	77,304

EPA Methodology

E=VMT*(EFco2 + EFCH4*0.021 + EFN20*0.310)	Method of travel	EFco2 (kg Co2/vehicle-mile)	EFcH4 (g CH4/vehicle-mile)	EFN20(a N2O/vehicle-mile)
E= total CO2e	Individual car	0.364	0.031	0.032
VMT= vehicle miles travelled per vear	Vanpool	0.519		0.047
EF002= CO2 emissions factor	Carpool	0.364	0.031	0.032
EFCH4= CH4 emissions factor	Bus	0.107	0.0006	0.0005
EFN20= N2O emissions factor	Short haul airline (domestic)	0.185	0.0104	0.0085
0.021= conversion factor	Medium haul airline (continental)	0.229	0.0104	0.0085
0.310= conversion factor	Long haul airline (intercontinental)	0.277	0.0104	0.0085
	Itercity rail	0.185	0.002	0.001
*used for individual car, carpool and vanpool	Commuter rail	0.172		0.001
	Transit rail	0.163	0.004	0.002
E=PMT*(EFco2 + EFCH4*0.021 + EFN20*0.310)				
E= total CO2e	Estimating Fuel Use			
PMT= passenger miles travelled per year	Fuel use= DT x FE			
EFc02= CO2 emissions factor	DT= Distance travelled activity fac	tor		
EFCH4= CH4 emissions factor	FE= Fuel economy factor (ie. kgC	O2/mile, gCH4/mile, gN2O/mile) *see	emissions factors chart above	
EFN20= N2O emissions factor				
0.021= conversion factor	*used to detrmine the breakdown	of CO2, CH4, N20 within total CO2e.		
0.310= conversion factor				
*used for bus, air and rail travel				

EPA Methodology sourced from EPA website http://epa.gov/climateleadership/documents/resources/commute_travel_product.pdf http://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/documents/resources/mobilesource_guidance.pdf

Assumptions
9480 schedule - all employees commute nine days every two weeks
9480 schedule - all employees commute nine days every two weeks
12 holidays
For a total of 213 work days per employee per year
Wakers and bike ridens all put into 0 to 5 miles
Caspoders and V Arapoders all put into to 5 miles
Caspoders and V Arapoders all put into the over 30 miles category
Used micpoint of mileage ranges surveyed
Assuming 30 pounds Gr O22 emitted per glation of fuel burned
Assuming 20 pounds Gr O22 emitted per glation of the burned
Metionology ourced from EPA Climate Leaders: Greenhouse Gate France and Product Transport*
Optional Emissions from Community Buriness Travel and Product Transport*
Optional Emission Estimation 2014.
Public transportions method completed from percentages estimated from data recording passenger trips in urbanized areas: 50% bus, 5% intercity rail, 5% commuter rail and 40% transit rail.
Source:
US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2012
Mileage bases off on Survey of 1400 employees.
Data sourced from Copy of Employee Communing Emission Estimation 2014.

EPA Climate Leaders Emissions Factors for Fossil Fuel and Biomass Combustion

	CO2 Emissions kg CO2 Emissions lbs CH4 Emissions M20 Emissions N20 Emissions																
			-	CC	02 Emissions	kg	CC	2 Emissions	lbs		CH4 Emis		0114 (000-)		N20 Emiss		
Fuel type	Heating Value (HHV): custom heating values should be used if available	Carbon content coefficient (kg C/MMBtu) (based on HHV)	Fraction	EPA emission factor (kg CO2/MMBtu (HHV)*	EPA emission factor (kg CO2/mass or volume unit)	EPA emission factor (kg CO2/mass or volume unit)	EPA emission factor (lbs CO2/MMBtu (HHV)*	EPA emission factor (lbs CO2/mass or volume unit)	EPA emission factor (lbs CO2/mass or volume unit)	EPA emission factor (g CH4/MMBtu)	EPA emission factor (kg CO2e/MMBtu) GWP=25	EPA emission factor (Ibs CO2e/MMBtu	CH4 (CO2e) emissions factor (Ibs CO2e CH4/Ib CO2)	EPA emission factor (g N20/MMBtu)	EPA emission factor (kg CO2e/MMBtu) GWP=298	EPA emission factor (lbs CO2e/MMBtu	N2O (CO2e) emissions (Ibs CO2e N2O/Ib CO2)
Liquid fossil	MMBtu/bbl	(based on thirty)	UXIUIZEU	(1111)	kg CO2/gallon	kg CO2/bbl	(1117)	lbs CO2/gallon		(g Ci i4/iviivibiu)	GVVF=23)	002)	(g N20/WIWIDIU)	GVVF=230)	002)
Gasoline / petrol	5.253	19.34	0.99	70.95	8.79	369.18	156.44	19.38	814.04							-	
Kerosene	5.670	19.72	0.99	70.33	9.66	405.88	157.84	21.31	894.97					dependent on many			
Jet Fuel	5.670	19.72	0.99		9.00	397.74	157.84	20.88	877.02	Note: CH4/N2O	emissions fact	ors for all mob		ince Protocol	variables; for i	nobile source	s consult the
Aviation gasoline	5.048	18.87	0.99		8.23	345.66		18.15					LI A Guida	Ince Protocol			
Distillate fuel	5.040	10.07	0.33	00.00	0.25	343.00	131.04	10.15	702.10	1.8 (ind)	0.045	0.099	0.0006	.54 (ind)	0.16092	0.355	0.0022
(# 1,2,4, diesel)	5.825	19.95	0.99	72.42	10.08	423.36	159.68	22.23	933.51	2.7 (elect gen)	0.043	0.033	0.0000	.54 (elect gen)	0.16092	0.355	0.0022
<u> </u>	5.025	19.95	0.33	12.42	10.00	423.30	155.00	22.23	333.31	1.8 (ind)			0.0006		0.16092	0.355	0.0022
Residual fuel oil (#5,6)	6.287	21.49	0.99	78.01	11.68	490.44	172.01	25.75	1,081.42	2.7 (elect gen)	0.043		0.0000		0.16092	0.355	0.0021
LPG	3.861	17.25	0.99		5.65	237.45	138.07	12.47	523.58	2.7 (cicci gen)	0.000	0.145	0.0003	2.7 (cicci gen)	0.10032	0.000	0.0021
Propane	3.824	17.2	0.99		5.71	239.90	137.67	12.59									
Ethane	2.916	16.25	0.99		4.12	172.91	130.07	9.08									
n-Butane	4.326	17.72	0.99		6.66	279.80	141.83	14.69	616.96		Note:	CH4/N2O emis	sions factors f	or all mobile sources	are dependent	t on many var	iables:
Isobutane	4.162	17.75	0.99		6.42	269.52	142.07	14.15			1010.			s consult the EPA G			labioo,
E85	ee EPA Guidance		0.00	01.10	0.12	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00								
CNG	1.027	14.47	0.995	52.79	.054 /cf	0.00	0.00	.12 /cf	0.00								
LNG	1,021		0.000	02.10	5.91 /gal			13.01 /gal									
Petroleum coke	6.024	27.85	0.99	101.10	609.00		0.00	0.00									
Gaseous fossil	MMBtu/mcf				cu. ft.			cu. ft.									
Net well a sec (la)										4.75 (ind)	0.119	0.262	0.00225	0.095 (ind)	0.028	0.062	0.0005
Natural gas (dry)	1.027	14.47	0.995	52.79	0.0542		116.41	0.1195		0.95 (elect gen)	0.025		0.00047	0.095 (elect gen)	0.030		0.0006
Solid fossil	MMBtu/short ton				short ton			short ton									
A - 11 11 -										10.0 (ind)	0.250	0.551	0.00265	1.4 (ind)	0.42	0.92	0.0044
Anthracite	25.09	28.26	0.99	102.58	2,573.83		226.20	5,675.30		1.0 (elect gen)	0.025	0.055	0.00027	1.4 (elect gen)	0.48	1.05	0.0051
Bituminous coal	24.93	25.49	0.99	92.53	2,306.74		204.03	5,086.36					% of "unspecified	coal"		% 0	"unspecified coal"
Sub-bituminous coal	17.25	26.48	0.99	96.12	1,658.11		211.95	3,656.13				Use the CH4/N	20 emissions	factors above for all	coal types		
Lignite	14.21	26.3	0.99	95.47	1,356.61		210.51	2,991.33									
Coke	24.80	27.85	0.99	101.10	2,507.17		222.92	5,528.31									
Unspecified (elec gen)	20.63	25.98	0.99	94.31	1,945.56		207.95	4,289.96									
Unspecified (indus)	23.03	25.75	0.99	93.47	2,151.84		206.11	4,744.81									
Biofuels								_									
Wood and wood waste	15.38 MMBtu /short	25.6	0.995	92.93	1,429.23 /short		204.91	3,135.2 /short		30.1 (ind/elect gen)		1.659	0.0081	4.01 (ind/elect gen)	1.19	2.63	0.0129
Landfill gas (50/50)	502.5 Btu/cu ft.	14.2	0.995		.0260 /cf		114.24	.05733 /cf		Note: CH4 and N	2O factors for w	vood are signif		fuels are less than 1	% compared to	the factors f	
Biodiesel					9.29 /gal			20.48 /gal		EPA Guidance Pr		5					
Ethanol (100)	3.539 MMBtu/bbl	17.99	0.99	65.30	5.5 /gal		143.99	12.13 /gal	,	1							
		11.00	0.00	00.00	0.07gu	history and a second	1 10.00	. <u></u> /gu		the surger ll COO estation							

The emissions factors below have been updated from the EPA Climate Leaders GHG inventory Protocol, October 2004 and with any other EPA Final Rules.

Note: It is assumed the combustion of biomass and biofuels does not contribute to net CO2 emissions. As a result, Partners are required to list biomass CO2 emissions in terms of total gas but the emissions are not included in the overall CO2-equivalent emissions corporate inventory.

Conversion Factors used in this inventory

Mass			
1 pound (lb)	453.6 grams (g)	0.4536 kilograms (kg)	0.0004536 metric tons (tonne)
1 kilogram (kg)	2.205 pounds (lb)		.0011023 short tons
1 short ton (ton)	2'000 pounds (lb)	907.2 kilograms (kg)	.9072 metric tons
1 metric ton	2'205 pounds (lb)	1'000 kilograms (kg)	1.1023 short tons (tons)
Volume			
1 cubic foot (ft ³)	7.4805 US gallons (gal)	0.1781 barrel (bbl)	
1 cubic foot (ft ³)	28.32 liters (L)	0.02832 cubic meters (m ³)	
1 US gallon (gal)	0.0238 barrel (bbl)	3.785 liters (L)	0.003785 cubic meters (m 3)
1 barrel (bbl)	42 US gallons (gal)	158.99 liters (L)	0.1589 cubic meters (m 3)
1 litre (L)	0.001 cubic meters (m 3)	0.2642 US gallons (gal)	
1 cubic meter (m ³)	6.2897 barrels (bbl)	264.2 US gallons (gal)	1'000 liters (L)
Energy			
1 kilowatt hour (kWh)	3412 Btu (btu)	3'600 kilojoules (KJ)	
1 megajoule (MJ)	0.001 gigajoules (GJ)		
1 gigajoule (GJ)	0.9478 million Btu (million btu)	277.8 kilowatt hours (kWh)	
1 Btu (btu)	1'055 joules (J)		
1 million Btu (million btu)	1.055 gigajoules (GJ)	293 kilowatt hours (kWh)	
1 therm (therm)	100'000 btu	0.1055 gigajoules (GJ)	29.3 kilowatt hours (kWh)
Other			
kilo	1'000		
mega	1'000'000		
giga	1'000'000'000		
tera	1'000'000'000'000		
1 psi	14.5037 bar		
1 kgf / cm 3 (tech atm)	1.0197 bar		
1 atmosphere (atm)	0.9869 bar	101.325 kilo pascals	14.696 pounds per square inch (psia)
1 mile (statue)	1.609 kilometers		
1 metric ton CH ₄	21 metric tons CO ₂ equivalent		
1metric ton N ₂ O	310 metric tons CO ₂ equivalent	t	
1 metric ton carbon	3.664 metric tons CO ₂		

Global Warming Potentials and Atmospheric Lifetimes (years) Gas Atmospheric Lifetime GWP ^a					
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	50-200	1			
Methane (CH4) ^{b,c}	12 +/- 3	25			
Nitrous oxide (N2O) ^c	120	298			
HFC-23 ^c	264	14,800			
HFC-125 ^c	32.6	3,500			
HFC-134a ^c	14.6	1,100			
HFC-143a ^c	48.3	4,470			
HFC-152a ^c	1.5	124			
HFC-227ea ^c	36.5	3,220			
HFC-236fa ^c	209	9,810			
HFC-4310mee ^c	17.1	1,640			
CF4	50,000	6,500			
C2F6	10,000	9,200			
C4F10	2,600	7,00			
C6F14	3,200	7,400			
SF6 [°]	3,200	22,800			

Source: Unless otherwise noted by note 'c' below, IPCC 1996; Second Assessment Report (SAR). Although the GWPs have been updated by the IPCC in the Third Assessment Report (TAR), estimates of emissions presented in the US Inventory will continue to use the GWPs from the Second Assessment Report.

a 100 year time horizon

b The methane GWP includes the direct effects and those indirect effects due to the production of tropospheric ozone and stratospheric water vapor.

c Effective January 1, 2014, the Environmental Protection Agency, through issuance of a final rule, raised the GWP for methane and several classes of hydrofluorocarbons, while lowering the GWP for both nitrous oxide and sulfur hexafluoride.

The indirect effect due to the production of CO2 is not included.

Color key to calculations in the Entergy GHG Inventory

The colored heading cells in each worksheet of this GHG inventory enable inventory managers and users update and understand the role of each step of the calculation process.

Yellow	Specific fuel or gas calculated	This heading identifies the fuel and emissions being calculated below it.
Red	Annual activity data input	This is an input cell for company activity or usage data related to this emissions source for a given facility, source or even corporate-wide. Examples of input data are gallons of gasoline, lbs of CO2 (provided as CEM data), or square footage of building space occupied by the company. This activity data is currently identified in the units provided during the completion of PNM's GHG inventory for years 2001-2003. For some de minimus emissions sources (such as fugitive HFCs from building space
Orange	Calculation constant	This cell contain as constant (coefficient) such as a conversion factor or unit measurement and does not to be changed annually unless there is a change to an emissions factor, input units or facility status.
Green	Calculation conversion subtotal	This figure is calculated automatically and is a subtotal or unit conversion resulting from a spreadsheet calculation such as MMBtu converted from mcf or gallons. This cell contains an emissions or conversion factor in its formula.
Blue	Emissions source total	This figure is calculated automatically and is a total of CO2e (CO2-equivalent) for a given emissions source (e.g. a facility or equipment type) and the sum of individual sources is carried into the annual corporate emissions table. This cell contains an emissions or conversion factor in its formula.
123.45	Emissions source total	Bolded cells contain a figure for total emissions in CO2e for that source and are carried to the corporate emissions totals sheet for emissions source comparison.